Section A: Multiple Choice (Nos. 1-4, 1-mark each)

Use the multiple choice answer sheet in the ANSWER BOOKLET

- **1.** A suitable catalyst for the synthesis of ammonia is:
 - (A) platinum
 - (B) iron
 - (C) concentrated H₂SO₄
 - (D) nitric acid
- 2. A dry precipitate of Mg(NH₄)PO₄.6H₂O was obtained and weighed . It was found to weigh 6.47 g. How much of this precipitate is phosphorus?
 - (A) 0.82 g
 - (B) 1.46 g
 - (C) 0.03 g
 - (D) 1.64 g
- 3. Damage to the Earth's stratospheric ozone has mainly been due to a certain group of compounds. Which of the compounds given below is an example of this group of compounds?
 - (A) CClF₃
 - (B) CCl₂FH
 - (C) CF_2I_2
 - (D) CF₃H
- 4. Which of the following **IUPAC** names is correct for the compound given below?

- (A) 1,1,6-trifluoro-4,6-dichlorohexane
- (B) 4,6-dichloro-1,1,6-trifluoro-2-hexene
- (C) 1,1,6-trifluoro-4,6-dichlorohexene
- (D) 4,6-dichloro-1,1,6-trifluoro-1-hexene

Answer Booklet for Sections A and B INSTRUCTIONS

Student No.....

Select the alternative A, B, C or D that best answers the question. Fill in the response oval completely.

Sample:

(A) 2
A
$$\bigcirc$$

If you think you have made a mistake, put a cross through the incorrect answer and fill in the new answer.

A



$$D \bigcirc$$

 $D \bigcirc$

If you change your mind and have crossed out what you consider to be the correct answer, then indicate the correct answer by writing the word **correct** and drawing an arrow as follows.



Section A

Multiple Choice Answer Sheet

- 1. A O
- ВО

ВО

- CO
- DΟ

- 2.
- ΑO
- CO
- DΟ

- 3. A O
- BO
- CO
- DΟ

- 4.
- A O
- BO
- CO
- DΟ

| Section B. Answer the questions in the spaces provided. | Show all relevant |
|--|-------------------|
| working in questions involving calculations | |

MARKS

| 5. Describe a chemical test and the result to identify | |
|---|----|
| (a) copper ions | 1 |
| (b) lead ions | 1 |
| (c) calcium ions | .1 |
| 6. A student investigated the sulfate content of a fertiliser. Firstly, he dissolved 3.2 g of fertiliser in distilled water. Then, he added barium chloride solution until no further precipitate formed. He, then filtered, washed, dried and weighed the precipitate. | |
| (a) Write a net ionic equation for the formation of the precipitate. | 1 |
| (b) If the student recovered 5.6 g of barium sulfate. What percentage of this fertiliser is sulfate ions? | 2 |
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| (c) If the student assumed the original fertiliser consists of ammonium sulfate only, what is the percentage of nitrogen in the fertiliser? | 2 |
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| | Student No | ••••• |
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| | N | 1ARKS |
| 7. | (a) List three different chemical occupations | 1 |
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| | (b) (i) Choose one of these occupations and outline the role of the chemist. | 1 |
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| | (ii) Explain a chemical principle used by this chemist. | 1 |
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| 0 | Identify the evicine of minerals in econs | 2 |
| 0. | . Identify the origins of minerals in oceans. | 2 |
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| | MARKS |
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| 9. (a) Use equations to show the destruction of ozone in the stratosphere by a CFC. | 3 |
| a Ci C. | 3 |
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| (b) Explain the importance of the ozone layer to life on Earth. | 1 |
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| 10. Describe two methods which you would use, including details of the preparation which you would do to determine the dissolved solids content of a sample of river water. | 3 |
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| | Student No | | |
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| | MARKS | | |
| 11. (a) Draw the Lewis electron dot stru oxygen free radical. | actures for the oxygen molecule and the | | |
| oxygen molecule | oxygen free radical | | |
| (b) On the basis of molecular structur | re and bonding, explain the difference in: | | |
| (i) chemical reactivity of ozone a | | | |
| | | | |
| (ii) one physical property of ozone and oxygen (O ₂) | | | |
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A END OF TEST