Section A: Multiple Choice

Which of these electron dot structures represents ozone?

1.

- 2. Which of these equations shows the interaction of ozone with UV radiation in the upper atmosphere?
- (A) $O_3 \longrightarrow 3 O$
- (B) $O_3 \longrightarrow O_2 + O$
- (C) $CH_3Cl + 3O_2 \xrightarrow{\text{uv}} CH_3 + Cl + 2O_3$
- (D) $3O_2 \xrightarrow{\text{UV}} 2O_3$

- 3. Identify the only factor that changes the value of the equilibrium constant (K) for a given reaction.
- (A)pressure
- (B) volume
- (C) temperature
- (D)concentration

ANS: C

Section B: Short Answer Question

Question 5. (5 marks)

Chemical engineers employed by the Vistron Corporation have done pilot studies of ammonia synthesis to determine the ideal operating conditions at the plant. Some engineering data is shown in the table...

Varied Conditions	Pressure (atm)	350	600	1000	1000	
	Temperature (°C)	500	600	600	550	
Constant Conditions	Catalyst = Fe ₃ O ₄					
Observed	Percentage Yield of NH ₃	19	29	46	51	

Outcomes - H7, 8

Answers:

(a) Give an equation for the industrial production of ammonia.

(1 mark)

$$N_2(g) + 3 H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons 2 NH_3(g)$$

(b) Analysing the data, explain the lowest value in percentage yield.

(1 mark)

The minima percentage yield is due to the low setting of the pressure at 350 atm. According to Le Châtelier's Principle the equilibrium would shift to the left which would lower NH₃ production.

(c) Analysing the data, explain the lowest value in time.

(1 mark)

The minima in time is due to the high setting of the temperature at 600°C. The higher the temperature the faster the reaction rates (forward and reverse) and the arrival of equilibrium. (1 mark)

- (d) Discuss why the monitoring of the ammonia reaction vessel is crucial. (2 marks)
 - (i) Maintaining the correct temperature and pressure is important for efficient production of ammonia.
 - (ii) Excessive temperatures can damage the catalyst.
 - (iii) The high temperature and pressure can promote gas leaks in the system causing severe burns, explosion and poisoning.
 - (iv) Strict plant maintenance is essential to prevent gas leaks due to corrosion, stress cracks, bad seals. All safety equipment must be working properly.
- \blacktriangleright One mark for one reason + one mark for adequate detail = 2 marks

Answers

(a) Much of the chemistry of the upper atmosphere is determined by the reactivity of the oxygen species present, O (free radical), O_2 and O_3 . Arrange these oxygen species in order of increasing reactivity.

(1 mark)

$$O_2 < O_3 < O$$

(b) Halons are more potent ozone destroyers than CFCs. Identify the original source of the halons in the troposphere. (1 mark)

Halons were commonly used in fire extinguishers.

(1 mark)

(c) Consider this list of haloalkanes...

(i) Identify which of these compounds is an effective replacement for CFCs. (1 mark)

CF₃CFH₂

(1 mark)

(ii) Name the compound identified in (i).

(1 mark)

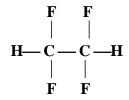
1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane

(1 mark)

(iii) Draw an isomer of the compound identified in (i).

(1 mark)

3



Question 7 (2 marks)

A novelty humidity indicator consists of a doll which changes colour from blue to pink depending on the Level of water vapour in the atmosphere. The colour change can be considered to be based on the equilibrium:

On a very dry day (i.e. low humidity), what colour is the doll? Explain your answer. (2 marks)

On a very dry day, equilibrium will shift left to produce more H_2O and $\left[CoCl_4\right]^{2-}$ (Le Chatelier's) so the doll will be blue

Question 8

Discuss the issues associated with shrinking world resources with regard to one identified natural product that is not a fossil fuel, identifying the replacement materials used and/or current research in place to find a replacement for the named material. (4 marks)

Marking guidelines

Criteria	Mark(s)
Identifying one natural product that is not a fossil fuel AND two	
issues associated with shrinking world resources and either the	4
replacement material used or current research to find replacement	
Identifying one natural product that is not a fossil fuel and two of	
either an issue associated with shrinking world resources or	
identifying the replacement material used or current research in	3
place to find a replacement	
Identifying one natural product that is not a fossil fuel <u>and</u> either	
one issue associated with shrinking world resources	
or	2
identifying the replacement material used or current research in	
place find a replacement	
Identifying one natural product that is not a fossil fuel <u>or</u> one issue	
associated with shrinking world resources	1

End of Part I TheoryAns

